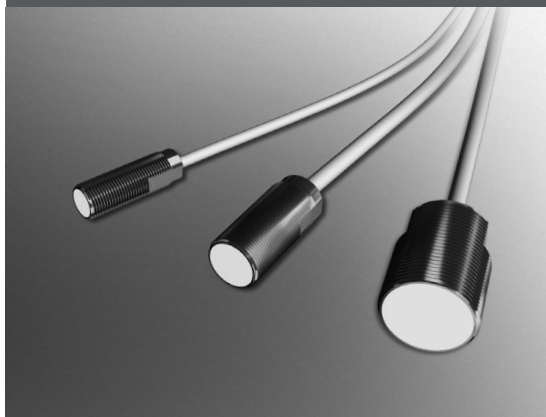


# DC2-Wire Spatter-Guarded Cylindrical Proximity Sensors

## FL7M Series

A variety of anti-spatter measures make these sensors the optimum for welding processes on the automotive production line.




- With Teflon coating on the body housing and a Teflon resin head surface, it's difficult for spatter to stick
- Flame-resistant cable. Noncombustible cable is also available
- Connector type is also available


### ORDER GUIDE

#### ● Polarity type

##### Prelead types


Exterior		Sensing distance	Operation mode	Setting indicator	Spatter-guarded	Flexible, Flame-resistant cable	Catalog listing
Appearance	Size (O.D.)						
	M12	3mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-3J6HW-R
			N.C.		●	●	FL7M-3K6HWE-R
	M18	7mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-7J6HW-R
			N.C.		●	●	FL7M-7K6HWE-R
	M30	10mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-10J6W-R
			N.C.		●	●	FL7M-10K6WE-R

##### Prelead connector types


Exterior		Sensing distance	Operation mode	Setting indicator	Spatter-guarded	Flexible, Flame-resistant cable	Connector		Catalog listing
Appearance	Size (O.D.)						+	-	
	M12	3mm	N.O.	●	●	●	1	4	FL7M-3J6HW-CN03
			N.O.	●	●	●	4	3	FL7M-3J6HW-CN03A
			N.C.		●	●	1	2	FL7M-3K6HWE-CN03
	M18	7mm	N.O.	●	●	●	1	4	FL7M-7J6HW-CN03
			N.O.	●	●	●	4	3	FL7M-7J6HW-CN03A
			N.C.		●	●	1	2	FL7M-7K6HWE-CN03
	M30	10mm	N.O.	●	●	●	1	4	FL7M-10J6W-CN03
			N.O.	●	●	●	4	3	FL7M-10J6W-CN03A
			N.C.		●	●	1	2	FL7M-10K6WE-CN03

#### ● No-polarity type



##### Prelead types

Exterior		Sensing distance	Operation mode	Setting indicator	Spatter-guarded	Flexible, Flame-resistant cable	Catalog listing
Appearance	Size (O.D.)						
	M12	3mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-3W6HWT-R
	M18	7mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-7W6HWT-R
	M30	10mm	N.O.	●	●	●	FL7M-10W6WT-R

## Preleaded connector types

Exterior		Sensing distance	Operation mode	Setting indicator	Spatter-guarded	Flexible, Flame-resistant cable	Connector	Catalog listing
Appearance	Size (O.D.)						No-polarity	
 (cable length 30cm)	M12	3mm	N.O.	●	●	●	3 - 4	FL7M-3W6HWT-CN03
	M18	7mm	N.O.	●	●	●	3 - 4	FL7M-7W6HWT-CN03
	M30	10mm	N.O.	●	●	●	3 - 4	FL7M-10W6WT-CN03

## ● Accessories (sold separately)

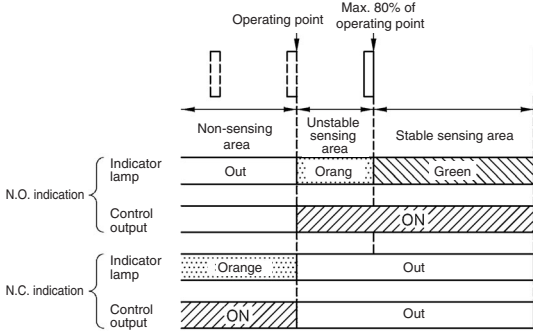
Name	Appearance	O.D.	Catalog listing
Mounting bracket		For M12	FL-PA112
		For M18	FL-PA118
		For M30	FL-PA130
Spatter-guarded protective cover		For M12	FL-PA12W
		For M18	FL-PA18W
		For M30	FL-PA30W

## SPECIFICATIONS

Catalog listing	FL7M-3□6HW(E)(T) (-R, -CN03)	FL7M-7□6HW(E)(T) (-R, -CN03)	FL7M-10□6W(E)(T) (-R, -CN03)
Actuation method	High-frequency oscillation		
Rated sensing distance	3 ±0.3mm	7 ±0.7mm	10 ±1mm
Usable sensing distance	0 to 2.1mm	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 7.0mm
Standard target object	12 x 12 x 1mm iron	18 x 18 x 1mm iron	30 x 30 x 1mm iron
Differential travel	15% max. of sensing distance		
Rated supply voltage	12/24Vdc		
Operating voltage range	10 to 30Vdc		
Leakage current	0.55mA max.		
Control output	Switching current	3 to 100mA	
	Voltage drop	Polarity type: 3.0V max. (with 100mA switching current, 2m cable) No-polarity type: 5.0V max. (with 100mA switching current, 2m cable)	
	Output dielectric strength	30Vdc	
Operating frequency	1.5kHz	500Hz	
Temperature drift	±10% max. of sensing distance for the -25 to +70°C range, taking +25°C as the standard temp.		
Supply voltage drift	±1% max. of sensing distance with ±15% voltage fluctuation, taking rated supply voltage as standard voltage		
Indicator lamps	N.O. type: Operation indication: lights up (orange or green) upon output Setting indication: lights up (green) in stable sensing area N.C. type: Operation indication: orange light goes out in sensing area		
Operating temperature	-25 to +70°C		
Insulation resistance	50MΩmin. (by 500Vdc megger)		
Dielectric strength	1,000Vac, 50/60Hz for 1 minute		
Vibration resistance	10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm peak-to-peak amplitude, 2 hrs each in X, Y and Z directions		
Shock resistance	980m/s <sup>2</sup> 10 times each in X, Y and Z directions		
Protective structure	IP67 (IEC standard), IP67G (JEM standard)		
Weight (main unit with 2m preleaded cable)	Approx. 60g	Approx. 130g	Approx. 230g
Circuit protection	Surge absorption, load short-circuit protection, reverse connection protection circuit		
Wiring method	preleaded (2m cable standard), Preleaded connector (30cm cable)		
Material	Sensor	Case	Ni-plated brass
		Sensing face	Nylon
	Connector	Housing	Polyester elastomer
		Holder	Glass-lined polyester resin
		Contacts	Gold-plated brass

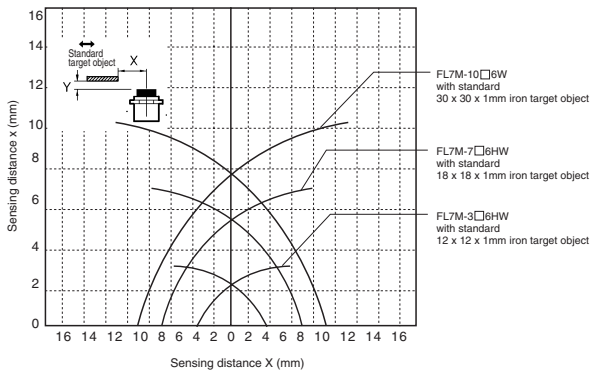
## USING THE SETTING INDICATOR

The proximity sensor can be set up to detect objects reliably by bringing the sensor progressively closer to the target object and installing the sensor at the point where the indicator lamp (N.O. indication) changes from red to green.



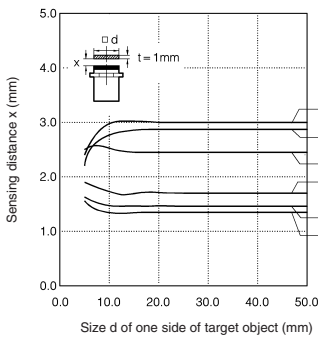
\*When the target object is made of a different material (such as aluminum, copper or stainless steel) from the standard target object (iron), the distance at which the indicator lamp changes color is shorter than the 80% maximum.

## SENSING AREA (typical)

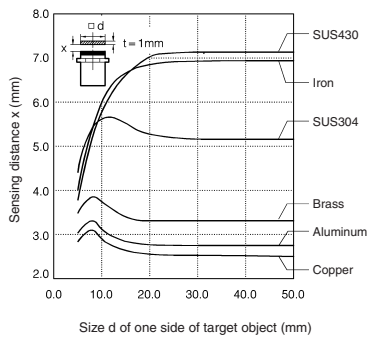


## SENSING DISTANCE ACCORDING TO MATERIAL AND SIZE OF OBJECT (typical)

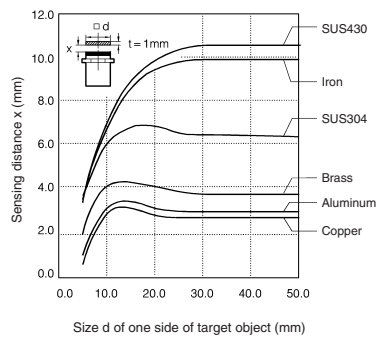
FL7M-3□6HW



FL7M-7□6HW

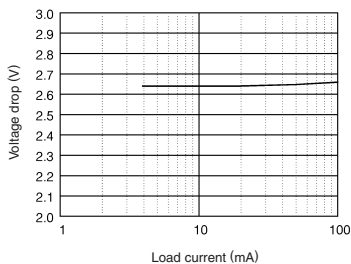


FL7M-10□6W

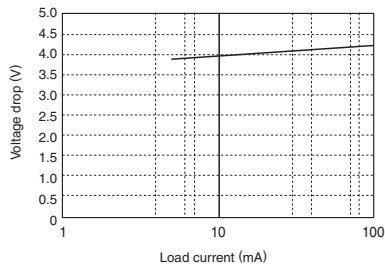


## VOLTAGE DROP (typical)

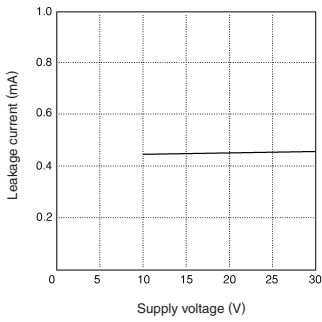
### ● Polarity type



### ● No-polarity type



## LEAKAGE CURRENT (typical)

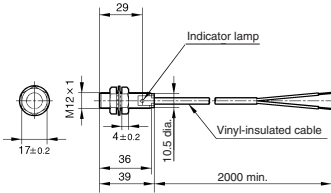


## EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

(unit: mm)

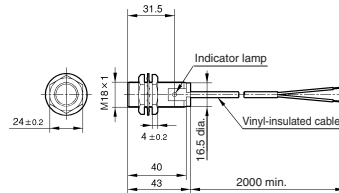
### Preleaded type

#### FL7M-3□6HW□-R



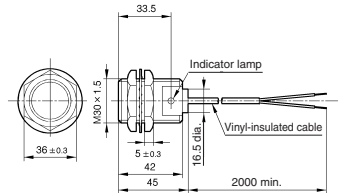
Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 7/15/0.08, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

#### FL7M-7□6HW□-R



Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 7/15/0.08, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

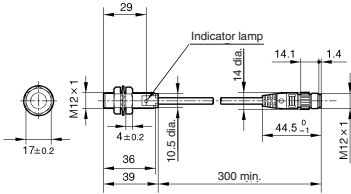
#### FL7M-10□6W□-R



Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 7/15/0.08, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

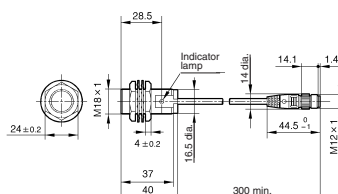
### Preleaded connector type

#### FL7M-3□6HW□-CN03



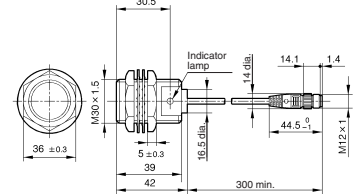
Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

#### FL7M-7□6HW□-CN03



Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

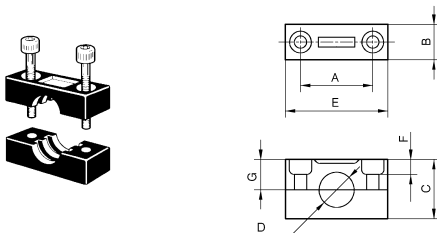
#### FL7M-10□6W□-CN03



Vinyl-insulated cable (flame-resistant, oil-resistant: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 2-core), dia. 5.7. Cap color: white.

## MOUNTING BRACKET (sold separately)

Mounting brackets are made of polyacetal resin. Two screws and two washers are provided for each bracket.



FL-PA118 and FL-PA130 screw holes are oblong.

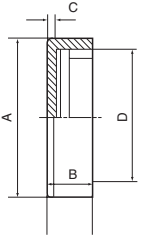
Catalog listing	Dimensions (mm)							Screw size
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	
FL-PA112	25	12	20	12dia.	36	6	9.5	M4 25
FL-PA118	30/32	15	30	18dia.	45	7.5	14.5	M5 35
FL-PA130	40/45	15	50	30dia.	60	10	24.5	M5 55

### Allowable tightening torque of bracket screws

Catalog listing	Max. torque (N-m)
FL-PA112	0.98
FL-PA118	1.5
FL-PA130	1.5

## SPATTER-GUARDED PROTECTIVE COVER (sold separately)

Spatter-guarded protective covers made of fluorine resin and designed especially for shielded sensors are available. Select a model according to the sensor's external dimensions.

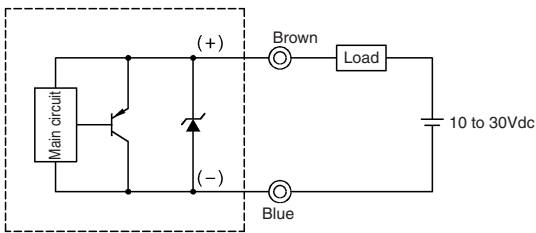


Catalog listing	Dimensions (mm)			
	A	B	C	D
FL-PA08W	10dia.	5	0.5	M8 x 1
FL-PA12W	15dia.	5	0.7	M12 x 1
FL-PA18W	22dia.	6	0.7	M18 x 1
FL-PA30W	34dia.	8	1.5	M30 x 1.5

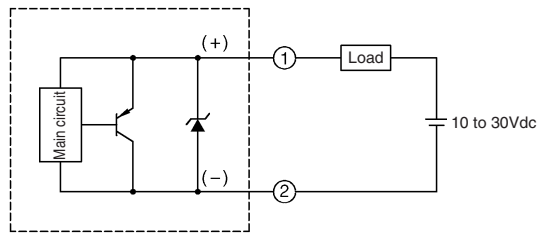
## WIRING DIAGRAMS

### ● Polarity type

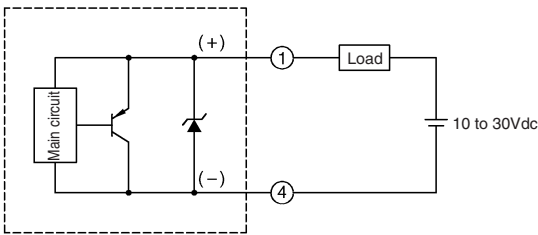
#### Preleaded type



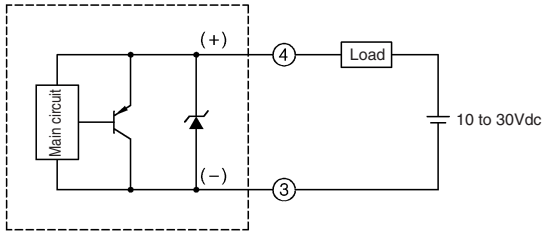
#### Preleaded connector type (N.C. type)



#### Preleaded connector type (N.O. : CN03 type)

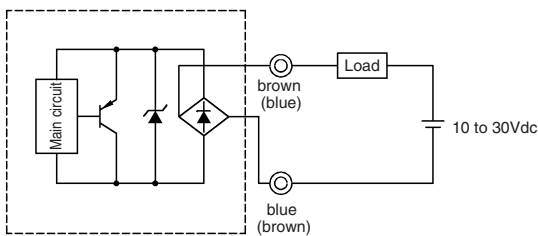


#### Preleaded connector type (N.O. : CN03A type)

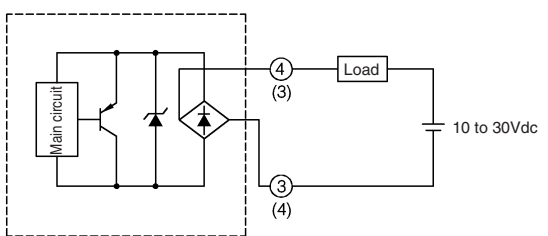


### ● No-polarity type

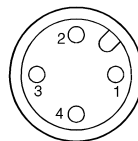
#### Preleaded type



#### Preleaded connector type



- The load may be connected to either pole.
- A load must be used when power is supplied to the sensor. Although there is short-circuit protection, a combination of a short circuit and wrong wiring can permanently damage the sensor.
- The LED operates normally during a load short circuit, so check the wiring if the output is wrong.
- Fasten connectors tightly by hand.



## CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS<sup>\*1</sup>

Item	Specifications
Insulation resistance	Max. 100MΩ (by 500Vdc megger)
Dielectric strength	1,500Vac for 1 minute (between contacts, and between contact and connector housing)
Initial contact resistance	Max. 40mΩ (with 3A current to connected male and female connectors. Semiconductor lead-specific resistance not included.)
Mating/unmating force	0.4 to 4.0 N per contact
Mating cycles	50
Connector nut tightening torque	Min. 0.8N·m <sup>*2</sup>
Cable pullout strength	Min. 100 N
Vibration resistance	10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm peak-to-peak amplitude, for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions
Impact resistance	300m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in X, Y and Z directions
Protective structure	IP67
Ambient operating temperature	-10 to +70°C
Ambient storage temperature	-20 to +80°C
Ambient operating humidity	Max. 95% RH
Material	Contacts: Gold-plated brass Contact holder: Glass-lined polyester resin Housing: Polyester elastomer Coupling: Ni-plated brass O-ring: NBR

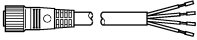
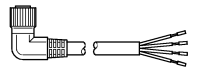
\*1: Specifications assume Yamatake male/female connectors.

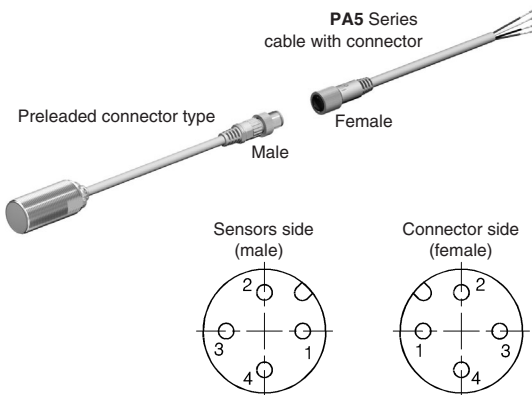
\*2: The recommended torque is 0.4 to 0.6N·m. If fastened poorly, the IP67 protection is lost, or looseness occurs. Fasten the connector securely by hand.

## CABLE WITH CONNECTOR

Be sure to use **PA5** Series cables with connector to connect preleaded type connectors and connector type limit switches.

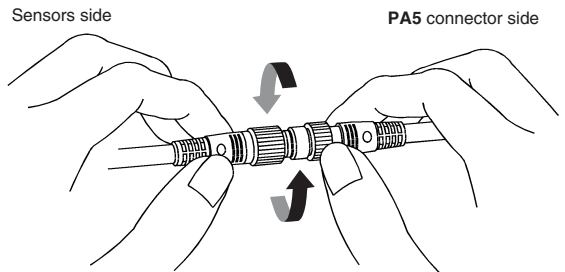
### ● PA5 Series cable with connector

Shape	Power supply	Cable properties	Cable length	Catalog listing	Lead colors
	DC	Oil-resistant, flexible; UL2464; flame-resistant; EN-compliant	2m	<b>PA5-4ISX2MK-E</b>	1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black
			5m	<b>PA5-4ISX5MK-E</b>	1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black
			2m	<b>PA5-4ILX2MK-E</b>	1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black
			5m	<b>PA5-4ILX5MK-E</b>	1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black



### ● Tightening the connector

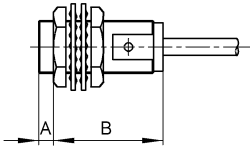
Align the grooves and rotate the fastening nut on the **PA5** connector by hand until it fits tightly with the connector on the sensors side.



## PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

### 1. Mounting

The allowable tightening torque varies according to the distance from the sensing face.

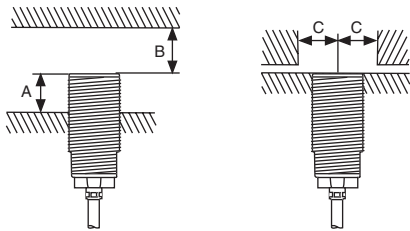


Catalog listing	Length A (mm)	Max. tightening torque (N-m)	
		A	B
FL7M-3□6H□	12	11.8	19.6
FL7M-7□6H□	15	29.4	49
FL7M-10□6□	17	49	147

\*The table shows the allowable tightening torque when toothed washers (provided) are used.

### 2. Influence of surrounding metal

Metal other than the target object surrounding the sensor may influence operating characteristics. Leave space between the sensor and surrounding metal as shown below.



Shaded areas indicate surrounding metal other than the target object.

A: Distance from sensing face of proximity sensor to mounting surface

B: Distance from surface of iron plate to sensing face of proximity sensor.

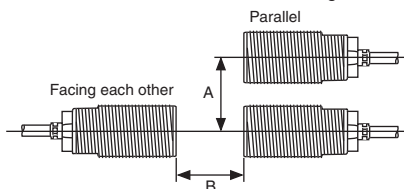
Dimensions in parentheses apply if a hexagonal nut is attached to the front.

C: Distance from surface of iron plate to center of proximity switch when A=0

Catalog listing	A(mm)	B(mm)	C(mm)
FL7M-3□6H□	0	8	9
FL7M-7□6H□	0	20	13.5
FL7M-10□6□	0	40	22.5

### 3. Mutual interference prevention

When mounting proximity sensors either parallel to or facing each other, mutual interference may cause the sensor to malfunction. Maintain at least the distances indicated in the figures below.



Catalog listing	A(mm)	B(mm)
FL7M-3□6H□	20	30
FL7M-7□6H□	35	50
FL7M-10□6□	70	100

### 4. Cautions for series or parallel connection

#### 4.1 Series connection (AND switching circuit)

When connecting two or more proximity sensors in series, erroneous output (1 to 3ms) may occur without the rated current being supplied to each of the sensors. For this reason, series connection of proximity sensors is not recommended. However, if proximity sensors must be connected in series, a resistor of 10kΩ must be put in parallel to each of the sensors. Note that the maximum leakage current in a series connection will be 3.5mA. Operation lag also will occur, resulting in increased voltage drop, and the operation indicator lamp will not light.

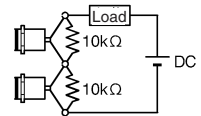
Operation lag =

$$40\text{ms} \times (\text{No. of sensors in series} - 1)$$

Voltage drop =

$$\text{Voltage drop of single sensor} \times$$

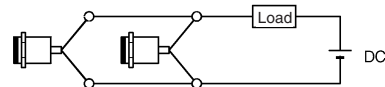
$$\text{No. of sensors in series}$$



#### 4.2 Parallel connection (OR switching circuit)

• If two or more proximity sensors are connected in parallel, total leakage current increases according to the following formula, and may result in the load not turning OFF. (Leakage current = Leakage current of single sensor x No. of sensors in parallel)

• When two or more sensors in parallel turn ON, one (or more) of



### 5. Relay loads

The voltage drop of these FL7M sensors is 3V. Pay attention to this voltage drop when using a relay load. (With 12Vdc relays, switching is not possible.)

### 6. Operation upon power ON

After the power is turned ON, it takes at most 40ms until the proximity sensor is ready for sensing. If the load and the proximity sensor use different power supplies, be sure to turn the proximity sensor ON before turning the load ON.

### 7. Influence of leakage current

A minimal current flows as leakage current for operating the circuits even when the proximity sensor is OFF. Keep this in mind when turning off connected loads.

### 8. Minimum cable bend radius (R)

The minimum bend radius (R) of the cable is 3 times the cable diameter. Take care not to bend the cable beyond this radius. Also, do not excessively bend the cable within 30mm of the cable lead-in port.